Self help Groups under SJGSY in Rajasthan

2860. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of tribal districts of Rajasthabn where Self-Help Groups have been fromed under SJGSY during the last two years, district-wise;

(b) the details of those Self-Help Groups which have passed Stage-I, district-wise;

(c) the details of the Self-Help Groups which received revolving funds after crossing Stage-I during the last three years;

(d) the details of those Self-Help Groups which have crossed Stage-II;

(e) the details of the Groups having crossed Stage-II and have been financed for income generating activities;

(f) what has been the average level of financing Self-Help Groups; and

(g) how far SHGs under SJGSY in tribal districts of Rajasthan, have fulfilled their objective?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANT PATIL): (a) and (b) A statement-I indicating Self-Help Groups formed and Self-Help Groups passed Grade-I during 2004-05 and 2005-06 under SGSY in the tribal districts of Rajasthan is annexed. (*See* below)

(c) A statement-II indicating number of Self-Help Groups which received revolving funds after crossing Stage-I during 2003-04, 2004-05 and 2005-06 is annexed. (*See* below)

(d) and (e) A statement-III indicating Self-Help Groups which have crossed Grade-II and started income generating activities is annexed. (*See* below)

(f) The average level of investment Self-Help Groups, since inception i.e. April 1999 upto June 2006, in Rajasthan is Rs. 4.34 lacs per group. In Rajasthan the proportion of investment is skewed in favour of individuals as against the SHGs. The average level of investment for individual swarojgaries is Rs. 34,673/-

(g) A concurrent evaluation of Swarnajayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojana in Rajasthan was carried out in 2002-03 for evaluating the performance of SGSY. The study reveals that 2.04% and 0.51% groups in tribal districts of Dungarpur and Udaipur, respectively, in Rajasthan have crossed the poverty line.

Statement-I

No. of SHGs formed and Passed Grade I in Tribal Districts of Rajasthan under SGSY during 2004-05 & 2005-06

Sl. No.	District	2004-05		2005-06	
		SHGs Formed	SHGs Passed Grade I	SHGs Formed	SHGs Passed Grade I
Rajasthan					
1	Banswara	415	596	915	1103
2	Chittorgarh	0	40	0	61
3	Dungarpur	324	623	294	382
4	Sirohi	0	0	49	36
5	Udaipur	210	318	0	5
	TOTAL:	949	1577	1258	1587

Statement-II

No. of SHGs received revolving funds in Tribal Districts of Rajasthan under SGSY during 2003-04, 2004-05 & 2005-06

Sl. No.	District	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Rajasthan				
1	Banswara	86	596	1103
2	Chittorgarh	62	40	61
3	Dungarpur	337	623	382
4	Sirohi	26	0	36
5	Udaipur	129	318	5
	TOTAL:	640	1577	1587

Statement-III

No. of SHGs Passed Grade II and Economically Assisted in Tribal Districts Rajasthan under SGSY during 2003-04, 2004-05 & 2005-06

Sl. No.	District	2003-04		2004-05		2005-06	
		SHGs Passed Grade II	SHGs Eco-nomically Assisted	SHGs Passed Grade II	SHGs Eco-nomically Assisted	SHGs Passed Grade II	SHGs Eco-nomically Assisted
	Rajasthan						
1	Banswara	12	0	17	19	1130	23
2	Chittorgarh	10	10	26	25	61	22
3	Dungarpur	16	16	105	59	382	264
4	Sirohi	0	17	0	7	36	21
5	Udaipur	97	129	297	266	5	2
	TOTAL:	135	172	445	376	1587	332

Tackling of drinking water quality

2861. SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOOT: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government had decided to tackle drinking water quality in 2.2 lakh habitations during 2005-06;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the job has been accomplished; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor and the target set for 2006-07?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANT PATIL): (a) to (d) The Government had decided to tackle drinking water quality in quality affected habitations under Bharat Nirman. The target for 2005-06 was coverage of 10,000 habitations, and coverage reported by State Governments is 4498.The target for 2006-07 is tackling 15,000 water quality habitations.

As some of the schemes sanctioned are piped water supply schemes, which take more than a year to complete, the schemes can not be completed in one year. Further, as Sub-Mission Programmes are implemented on 72:25 cost sharing basis between Government of India